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DIRECTIONAL CONTROL VALVES CETOP 5/NG10

INTRODUCTION

The ARON directional control valves NG10 designed for subplate mounting with an interface in accordance with UNI ISO 4401 - 05 - 04 - 0 - 94 standard (ex CETOP R 35 H 4.2-4-05), and can be used in all fields on account of their excellent capacity and pressure specifications.

The use of solenoids with wet armatures means that the construction is extremely functional and safe completely dispensing with need for dynamic seals. The solenoid dust cover is screwed directly onto the valve casing whilst the coil is kept in position by a ring nut.

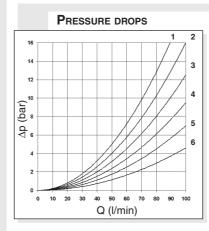
Great care has been taken in the design and the production of the ducts and the improvement of the spools has allowed relatively high flow rates to be accommodated with minimal pressure drops (Δp). The operation of the directional valves can be electrical, pneumatic, oleodynamic, mechanical or lever operated .

The centring position is achieved by means of calibrated length springs which, once the action of impulse is over, return the spool to the centre or end travel position.

The solenoids constructed with protection class in accordance with DIN 40050 standards are available in either direct current (IP65) or alternating current (IP66) with different voltage and frequencies.

All types of electrical controls can be fitted, on request, with different types of manual emergency controls. The electrical supply takes place through connectors meeting DIN 43650 ISO 4400 standards; connectors are also available with built in rectifier or pilot lights.

The valves are designed for use with DIN 51524 standard hydraulic mineral oils and it is recommended that filters should be fitted to ensure a maximum contamination level of class 10 in accordance with NAS 1638, $B_{ps} \ge 75$.



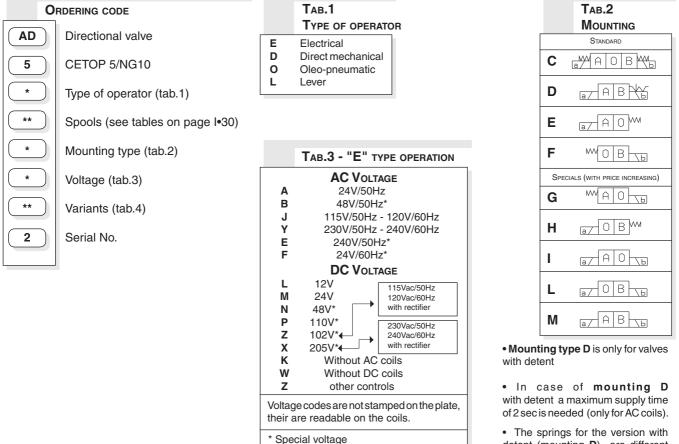
The diagram at the side show the pressure drop curves for spools during normal usage. The fluid used is a mineral oil with a viscosity of 46 mm²/s at 40°C; the tests have been carried out at a fluid temperature of 40° C.

For higher flow rates than those in the diagram, the losses will be those expressed by the following formula:

$$\Delta p1 = \Delta p \times (Q1/Q)^2$$

where Δp will be the value for the losses for a specific flow rate Q which can be obtained from the diagram, $\Delta p1$ will be the value of the losses for the flow rate Q1 that is used.

Spool	Connections				Spool		Co	nnectio	ns		
type	P→A	P→B	A→T	B→T	P→T	type	P→A	P→B	A→T	B→T	P→T
01	2	2	5	5		22		4	5		
02	3	3	6	6	3	14	3	3	6	6	2
03	2	2	6	6		15	2	2	4	5	
04	3	3	4	4	1	16	2	2	4	5	
05	3	3	5	5		17	3	3			
06	2	2	5	5		19	3	3	4	5	
66	2	2	5	5		20	3	3	4	5	
07		1	5			21	3	3			
10	3	3	5	5		28	3	3	6	6	2
11	4			5							
	Curve No.						(Curve No).		



• The springs for the version with detent (mounting **D**) are different from those for standard versions.

Variant	CODE	•	PAGE
No variant (without connectors)	S1		
Viton	VS		
Emergency button	ES		I•35
Preset for microswitch - (E/F/G/H only) see below note ◊	MS	•	I•31- I•34
Rotary emergency button	P2		I•35
Marine version (AD.5.O)	H1	•	
Emergency + Viton	VU		
Preset for microswitch + Viton	MV	•	
Spool movement speed control (VDC only) with ø 0.5 mm diameter orifice	5S	•	I•32
Spool movement speed control (VDC only) with ø 0.6 mm diameter orifice	6S	•	I•32
Spool movement speed control (VDC only) with ø 0.7 mm diameter orifice	7S	•	I•32
Spool movement speed control (VDC only) with ø 0.8 mm diameter orifice	8S	•	I•32
External draining solenoid (electrically operated only)	S5	•	I•32
Microswitch+ Detent (for lever operation)	MD	•	
Detent for lever control	D1	•	

(*) All variants are considered without connectors. The connectors must be order separately. See Ch. I Page 19

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Two solenoids, spring centred "C" mounting					
Spool type		Covering	Transient position		
01		+			
02		-			
03		+			
04*		-			
05		+			
66		+			
06		+			
07*		+			
08*		+			
10*		+			
22*		+			
11*		+			
12*		+			
13*		+			
14*		-			
28*		-			

0	ONE SOLENOID, SIDE A "E" MOUNTING					
Spool type		Covering	Transient position			
01		+				
02		-				
03		+				
04*		-				
05		+				
66		+				
06		+				
08*		+				
10*		+				
12*		+				
15		-				
16		+				
17		+				
14*		-				
28*		-				

STANDARD SPOOLS

(*) Spool with price increasing

• With spools 15 / 16 / 17 only the mounting E / F are possible

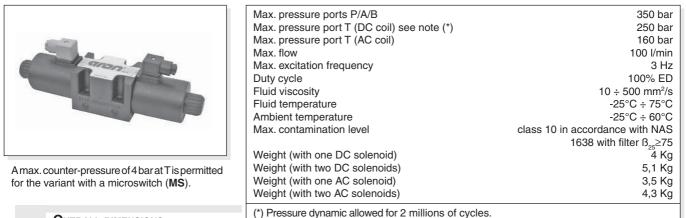
• 19 / 20 / 21 spool not planned for AD.5.E...J*

 \bullet For lever operated the spools used are different. Available spools for this kind of valve are: 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 05 / 06 / 66 / 07 22 / 13 / 15 / 16 / 17

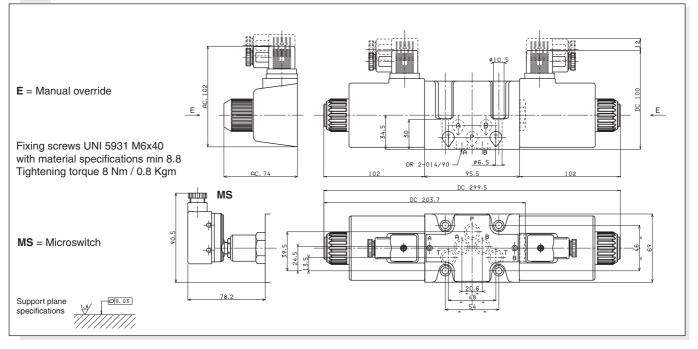
0	ONE SOLENOID, SIDE B "F" MOUNTING					
Spool type		Covering	Transient position			
01		+				
02		-				
03		+				
04*		-				
05		+				
66		+				
06		+				
08*		+				
10*		+				
22*		+				
12*		+				
13*		+				
07*	white	+				
15	~~XIIIco	-				
16		+				
17		+				
14*	w HXF	-	EIXIX			
28*	wt XFP	-				

Two solenoids "D" mounting						
Spool type		Covering	Transient position			
19*	az XIIKb	-				
20*		+				
21*		+				

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OVERALL DIMENSIONS



LIMITS OF USE (MOUNTING C-E-F)S

The tests have been carried out with solenoids at operating temperature and a voltage 10% less than rated voltage with a fluid temperature of 40°C. The fluid used was a mineral oil with a viscosity of 46 mm²/s at 40°C. The values in the diagram refer to tests carried out with the oil flow in two directions simultaneously T = 2 bar (e.g. from P to A and the same

The values in the diagram refer to tests carried out with the oil flow in two directions simultaneously T = 2 bar (e.g. from P to A and the same time B to P).

In the cases where valves 4/2 and 4/3 were used with the flow in one direction only, the limits of use could have variations which may even be negative. Rest time: the values are indicative and depend on the following parameters: hydraulic circuit, fluid used and variations in hydraulic scales (pressure P, flow Q, temperature T).

Direct current	:	Energizing De-energizing	60 ÷ 95 ms. 25 ÷ 70 ms.	Alternating current:	Energizing De- energizing	12 ÷ 30 ms. 10 ÷ 55 ms.	

